

**Growth oriented,
excellence driven**



iA Financial Corporation Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
For the second quarter of 2025

As at June 30, 2025 and 2024



Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

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Consolidated Income Statements

	Quarters ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(unaudited, in millions of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	2025	2024	2025	2024
Insurance service result				
Insurance revenue (Note 9)	\$ 1,881	\$ 1,644	\$ 3,707	\$ 3,239
Insurance service expenses	(1,465)	(1,297)	(2,930)	(2,580)
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts	(76)	(80)	(156)	(143)
	340	267	621	516
Net investment result				
Net investment income (Note 4)				
Interest and other investment income	506	547	1,055	1,124
Change in fair value of investments	(611)	(322)	(697)	(1,449)
	(105)	225	358	(325)
Finance income (expenses) from insurance contracts	323	(57)	(43)	736
Finance income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts	9	33	59	36
(Increase) decrease in investment contract liabilities and interest on deposits	(38)	(59)	(79)	(109)
	189	142	295	338
Investment income (expenses) from segregated funds net assets	2,362	870	2,246	3,511
Finance income (expenses) related to segregated funds liabilities	(2,362)	(870)	(2,246)	(3,511)
	—	—	—	—
	189	142	295	338
Other revenues	486	432	973	836
Other operating expenses	(628)	(558)	(1,243)	(1,085)
Other financing charges	(17)	(17)	(35)	(34)
Income before income taxes	370	266	611	571
Income tax (expense) recovery (Note 15)	(43)	(52)	(89)	(123)
Net income	327	214	522	448
Distributions on other equity instruments and dividends on preferred shares	(6)	(8)	(15)	(9)
Net income attributed to common shareholders	\$ 321	\$ 206	\$ 507	\$ 439
Earnings per common share (in dollars) (Note 17)				
Basic	\$ 3.45	\$ 2.13	\$ 5.44	\$ 4.48
Diluted	3.43	2.12	5.41	4.47
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions of units) (Note 17)				
Basic	93	97	93	98
Diluted	94	97	94	98
Dividends per common share (in dollars) (Note 11)	0.90	0.82	1.80	1.64

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Comprehensive Income Statements

	Quarters ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(unaudited, in millions of Canadian dollars)	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net income	\$ 327	\$ 214	\$ 522	\$ 448
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes				
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net income:				
Net investment hedge				
Unrealized gains (losses) on currency translation in foreign operations	(165)	23	(162)	95
Hedges of net investment in foreign operations	88	(12)	87	(56)
	(77)	11	(75)	39
Cash flow hedge				
Unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	—	1	—	4
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to net income:				
Remeasurement of post-employment benefits	4	16	20	62
Total other comprehensive income	(73)	28	(55)	105
Comprehensive income attributed to shareholders	\$ 254	\$ 242	\$ 467	\$ 553

Income Taxes Included in Other Comprehensive Income

	Quarters ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(unaudited, in millions of Canadian dollars)	2025	2024	2025	2024
Income tax recovery (expense) related to:				
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net income:				
Hedges of net investment in foreign operations	\$ (16)	\$ 2	\$ (16)	\$ 10
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to net income:				
Remeasurement of post-employment benefits	(1)	(6)	(7)	(23)
Total income tax recovery (expense) included in other comprehensive income	\$ (17)	\$ (4)	\$ (23)	\$ (13)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

	As at June 30 2025	As at December 31 2024
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	(unaudited)	
Assets		
Investments (Note 4)		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 2,207	\$ 1,566
Bonds	31,585	32,690
Stocks	5,683	5,130
Loans	3,362	3,444
Derivative financial instruments (Note 7)	1,265	1,066
Other investments	171	165
Investment properties	1,533	1,519
	45,806	45,580
Other assets	4,427	3,989
Insurance contract assets (Note 9)	79	105
Reinsurance contract assets (Note 9)	3,269	3,382
Fixed assets	288	317
Deferred income tax assets	624	459
Intangible assets	1,949	1,964
Goodwill	1,490	1,490
General fund assets	57,932	57,286
Segregated funds net assets (Note 8)	56,547	52,575
Total assets	\$ 114,479	\$ 109,861
Liabilities		
Insurance contract liabilities (Note 9)	\$ 36,672	\$ 36,894
Investment contract liabilities and deposits	6,489	6,352
Derivative financial instruments (Note 7)	798	1,060
Other liabilities	4,084	3,292
Deferred income tax liabilities	339	327
Debentures	1,495	1,894
General fund liabilities	49,877	49,819
Insurance contract liabilities related to segregated funds (Note 9)	41,051	38,149
Investment contract liabilities related to segregated funds	15,496	14,426
Total liabilities	\$ 106,424	\$ 102,394
Equity		
Common shares and contributed surplus	\$ 1,538	\$ 1,540
Preferred shares and other equity instruments (Note 12)	1,000	600
Retained earnings and accumulated other comprehensive income	5,517	5,327
	8,055	7,467
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 114,479	\$ 109,861

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Equity Statements

As at June 30, 2025						
	Common shares	Preferred shares and other equity instruments	Contributed surplus	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Total
(unaudited, in millions of Canadian dollars)	(Note 11)	(Note 12)			(Note 13)	
Balance as at December 31, 2023	\$ 1,603	\$ 375	\$ 17	\$ 5,060	\$ (17)	\$ 7,038
Net income	—	—	—	962	—	962
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	183	183
Comprehensive income for the year	—	—	—	962	183	1,145
Equity transactions						
Transfer of revaluation surplus related to investment properties	—	—	—	22	(22)	—
Transfer of post-employment benefits	—	—	—	70	(70)	—
Stock option plan	—	—	3	—	—	3
Stock options exercised	—	—	(4)	—	—	(4)
Issuance of common shares	28	—	—	—	—	28
Redemption of common shares	(107)	—	—	(513)	—	(620)
Redemption of preferred shares issued by a subsidiary	—	(125)	—	—	—	(125)
Issuance of other equity instruments	—	350	—	(4)	—	346
Dividends on common shares	—	—	—	(322)	—	(322)
Dividends on preferred shares issued by a subsidiary and distributions on other equity instruments	—	—	—	(20)	—	(20)
Other	—	—	—	(2)	—	(2)
	(79)	225	(1)	(769)	(92)	(716)
Balance as at December 31, 2024	1,524	600	16	5,253	74	7,467
Net income	—	—	—	522	—	522
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	(55)	(55)
Comprehensive income for the period	—	—	—	522	(55)	467
Equity transactions						
Transfer of post-employment benefits	—	—	—	20	(20)	—
Stock option plan	—	—	2	—	—	2
Stock options exercised	—	—	(2)	—	—	(2)
Issuance of common shares	10	—	—	—	—	10
Redemption of common shares	(12)	—	—	(92)	—	(104)
Issuance of preferred shares	—	400	—	(4)	—	396
Dividends on common shares	—	—	—	(168)	—	(168)
Distributions on other equity instruments	—	—	—	(15)	—	(15)
Other	—	—	—	2	—	2
	(2)	400	—	(257)	(20)	121
Balance as at June 30, 2025	\$ 1,522	\$ 1,000	\$ 16	\$ 5,518	\$ (1)	\$ 8,055

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

As at June 30, 2024

	Common shares (Note 11)	Preferred shares and other equity instruments (Note 12)	Contributed surplus	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income (Note 13)	Total
(unaudited, in millions of Canadian dollars)						
Balance as at December 31, 2023	\$ 1,603	\$ 375	\$ 17	\$ 5,060	\$ (17)	\$ 7,038
Net income	—	—	—	448	—	448
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	105	105
Comprehensive income for the period	—	—	—	448	105	553
Equity transactions						
Transfer of post-employment benefits	—	—	—	62	(62)	—
Stock option plan	—	—	2	—	—	2
Stock options exercised	—	—	(2)	—	—	(2)
Issuance of common shares	10	—	—	—	—	10
Redemption of common shares	(75)	—	—	(333)	—	(408)
Issuance of other equity instruments	—	350	—	(4)	—	346
Dividends on common shares	—	—	—	(160)	—	(160)
Dividends on preferred shares issued by a subsidiary and distributions on other equity instruments	—	—	—	(9)	—	(9)
Other	—	—	—	4	—	4
	(65)	350	—	(440)	(62)	(217)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	\$ 1,538	\$ 725	\$ 17	\$ 5,068	\$ 26	\$ 7,374

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Cash Flows Statements

	Six months ended June 30	
(unaudited, in millions of Canadian dollars)	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities		
Income before income taxes	\$ 611	\$ 571
Other financing charges	35	34
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	(142)	(277)
Operating activities not affecting cash:		
Expenses (income) from insurance contracts	(734)	(1,395)
Expenses (income) from reinsurance contracts	97	107
Expenses (income) from investment contracts and interest on deposits	79	109
Unrealized losses (gains) on investments	703	1,458
Provision for credit losses	45	43
Other depreciation	174	151
Other items not affecting cash	74	93
Operating activities affecting cash:		
Sales, maturities and repayments on investments	25,023	20,676
Purchases of investments	(25,777)	(20,483)
Change in assets/liabilities related to insurance contracts	741	696
Change in assets/liabilities related to reinsurance contracts	(116)	(167)
Change in liabilities related to investment contracts and deposits	58	132
Other items affecting cash	272	(554)
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	1,143	1,194
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash	(52)	(213)
Net purchases of fixed and intangible assets	(102)	(120)
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	(154)	(333)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Issuance of common shares	8	8
Redemption of common shares (Note 11)	(102)	(402)
Issuance of preferred shares (Note 12)	395	—
Issuance of other equity instruments (Note 12)	—	345
Redemption of debentures (Note 10)	(400)	(4)
Reimbursement of lease liabilities ¹	(10)	(10)
Dividends paid on common shares	(168)	(160)
Distributions on other equity instruments and dividends paid on preferred shares	(20)	(11)
Interest paid on debentures	(35)	(27)
Interest paid on lease liabilities	(2)	(2)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(334)	(263)
Foreign currency gains (losses) on cash	(14)	13
Increase (decrease) in cash and short-term investments	641	611
Cash and short-term investments at beginning	1,566	1,379
Cash and short-term investments at end	\$ 2,207	\$ 1,990
Supplementary information:		
Cash	\$ 1,365	\$ 933
Short-term investments including cash equivalents	842	1,057
Total cash and short-term investments	\$ 2,207	\$ 1,990

¹ For the six months ended June 30, 2025, lease liabilities, presented in *Other liabilities* in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, include an amount of \$13 (\$6 for the six months ended June 30, 2024) of items not affecting cash, mostly attributable to new liabilities.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (unaudited) (in millions of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

1 › General Information

iA Financial Corporation Inc. (iA Financial Corporation) is a holding company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (Quebec). iA Financial Corporation and its subsidiaries (the “Company”) offer a wide range of life and health insurance products, savings and retirement plans, mutual funds, securities, loans, auto and home insurance, creditor insurance, replacement insurance, replacement warranties, extended warranties and other ancillary products for dealer services and other financial products and services. The Company’s products and services are offered on both an individual and group basis and extend throughout Canada and the United States.

The Company’s Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (the “Financial Statements”) are prepared on the basis of IFRS[®] Accounting Standards in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). These Financial Statements do not contain all the information required in a complete annual financial statement and should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, which are included in the 2024 Annual Report. The material accounting policies used to prepare these Financial Statements are consistent with those found in the 2024 Annual Report, except for items mentioned in Note 2.

The publication of these Financial Statements was authorized by the Company’s Board of Directors on August 5, 2025.

2 › Changes in Accounting Policies

New Accounting Policies Applied to Financial Statements beginning on or after January 1, 2025.

Standards or amendments	Description of the standards or amendments and impacts on financial statements of the Company
IAS 21 <i>The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates</i>	<p><i>Description:</i> On August 15, 2023, the IASB published an amendment to IAS 21 <i>The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates</i>. The amendment <i>Lack of Exchangeability</i> specifies when a currency is exchangeable and when it is not, how to determine the exchange rate when a currency is not exchangeable, and the additional information required to be disclosed when a currency is not exchangeable. The provisions of this amendment apply on a modified retrospective basis.</p> <p><i>Impact:</i> No impact on the Company’s financial statements.</p>

Future Changes in Accounting Policies

Standards or amendments are presented on the basis of their publication date unless a more relevant approach allows for better information.

Standards or amendments	Description of the standards or amendments
IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i>	<p><i>Description:</i> On April 9, 2024, the IASB published the standard IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> which replaces the provisions of the standard IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i> and carries forward many of its requirements.</p> <p>The standard IFRS 18:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> establishes a defined structure for the income statement by classifying income and expenses into distinct defined categories and imposing new defined subtotals to improve comparability; requires that specific information on management-defined performance measures (MPMs), which represent subtotals of income and expenses disclosed outside the financial statements, be disclosed in a single note to the financial statements in order to enhance transparency on those MPMs; sets out guidance on classification of the information in the primary financial statements or in the notes. <p>The provisions of the new standard IFRS 18 will apply retrospectively to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2027. Early adoption is permitted.</p> <p><i>Status:</i> The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its financial statements.</p>
IFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> and IFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures</i>	<p><i>Description:</i> On May 30, 2024, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> and IFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures</i>.</p> <p>The amendment <i>Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments</i> introduces an accounting policy choice relating to the derecognition of financial liabilities settled through electronic payment systems, clarifies the classification and characteristics of some financial asset types and adds new disclosure requirements regarding investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial instruments with contingent features, including environmental, social and corporate governance events. The provisions of this amendment will apply on a modified retrospective basis to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2026. Early adoption is permitted.</p> <p><i>Status:</i> The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this amendment on its financial statements.</p>

Standards or amendments	Description of the standards or amendments
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards 2024-2025 Cycle	<p><i>Description:</i> On July 18, 2024, the IASB published the Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards 2024-2025 Cycle. The Annual Improvements clarify situations specific to five standards:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IFRS 1 <i>First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards</i> related to the fact that an entity which had designated a transaction as hedge accounting before the date of transition to IFRS Accounting Standards must meet the qualifying criteria of IFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> to reflect it in its opening IFRS statement of financial position. Otherwise, the entity should discontinue the hedge accounting; • IFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures</i> related to the fact that an entity which is disclosing a gain or a loss on derecognition relating to financial assets in which the entity has continuing involvement shall disclose whether the fair value measurements included significant unobservable inputs as described in the “fair value hierarchy” requirements of IFRS 13 <i>Fair Value Measurement</i>; • IFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> related to the fact that when a lease liability is derecognized by a lessee, the difference between the carrying amount of the extinguished liability and the consideration paid are recognized in profit or loss. The amendment also specifies that the initial measurement of trade receivables must be in accordance with “the amount determined by applying IFRS 15 <i>Revenue from Contracts with Customers</i>” instead of “at their transaction price”, as previously mentioned in IFRS 9; • IFRS 10 <i>Consolidated Financial Statements</i> related to the fact that when assessing control, a party might be a “de facto agent” when those that direct the activities of the investor have the ability to direct that party to act on the investor’s behalf; • IAS 7 <i>Statement of Cash Flows</i> related to the fact that the term “cost method” replaces the term “at cost” regarding the reporting requirements in the statement of cash flows for investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures since the term “cost method” is no longer defined in IFRS Accounting Standards. <p>The provisions of these improvements will apply prospectively to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2026. Early adoption is permitted.</p> <p><i>Status:</i> The Company is currently evaluating the impact of these improvements on its financial statements.</p>

3 › Acquisition of Businesses

Insurance, Canada

On February 4, 2025, the Company acquired 100% of the shares of Global Warranty, a group of companies that are important independent warranty providers and administrators in the used vehicle market in Canada, for consideration of \$55, subject to post-closing adjustments. Global Warranty does business with a network of over 1,500 automotive dealerships and more than 400 authorized repair centres across the country.

The preliminary allocation of the purchase price is summarized as follows:

(in millions of dollars)

Fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities acquired	\$ (4)
Fair value of intangible assets	36
Fair value of deferred income tax liabilities on intangible assets	(10)
Fair value of net identifiable assets acquired	22
Goodwill	33
	\$ 55

The allocation of the purchase price could be adjusted to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date within a period not to exceed 12 months.

Goodwill primarily reflects the growth potential arising from the acquisition. Goodwill is not deductible for tax purposes. Intangible assets mainly consist of distribution networks. For the six months ended June 30, 2025, revenues and net income from Global Warranty did not have a significant impact on the Company’s financial results.

US Operations

On June 28, 2024, the Company acquired, through one of its subsidiaries, 100% of the shares of the American company Vericity, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively “Vericity”) for total cash consideration of \$233. Vericity comprises two entities servicing the middle-market life insurance space, with synergies in between and combining artificial intelligence and rich data analytics to deliver innovative proprietary technology: Fidelity Life, an insurance carrier, and eFinancial, a direct-to-consumer digital agency.

As at June 30, 2025, the allocation of the purchase price was completed and the adjustments made in the final allocation did not have a significant impact on the Company’s financial statements.

4 › Investments and Net Investment Income

a) Carrying Value and Fair Value

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025				
	At fair value through profit or loss	At amortized cost	Other	Total	Fair value
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 816	\$ 1,391	\$ —	\$ 2,207	\$ 2,207
Bonds					
Governments	8,161	—	—	8,161	
Municipalities	1,007	—	—	1,007	
Corporate and other	22,417	—	—	22,417	
	31,585	—	—	31,585	31,585
Stocks					
Common	3,319	—	—	3,319	
Preferred	526	—	—	526	
Stock indexes	347	—	—	347	
Investment fund units	1,491	—	—	1,491	
	5,683	—	—	5,683	5,683
Loans					
Mortgages					
Insured mortgages					
Multi-residential	683	—	—	683	
Non-residential	2	—	—	2	
	685	—	—	685	
Conventional mortgages					
Multi-residential	188	—	—	188	
Non-residential	233	—	—	233	
	421	—	—	421	
	1,106	—	—	1,106	
Car loans	—	1,439	—	1,439	
Other loans	—	817	—	817	
	1,106	2,256	—	3,362	3,351
Derivative financial instruments	1,265	—	—	1,265	1,265
Other investments	44	3	124	171	171
Investment properties	—	—	1,533	1,533	1,568
Total investments	\$ 40,499	\$ 3,650	\$ 1,657	\$ 45,806	\$ 45,830

(in millions of dollars)	As at December 31, 2024				
	At fair value through profit or loss	At amortized cost	Other	Total	Fair value
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 510	\$ 1,056	\$ —	\$ 1,566	\$ 1,566
Bonds					
Governments	9,096	—	—	9,096	
Municipalities	1,077	—	—	1,077	
Corporate and other	22,517	—	—	22,517	
	32,690	—	—	32,690	32,690
Stocks					
Common	2,916	—	—	2,916	
Preferred	515	—	—	515	
Stock indexes	319	—	—	319	
Investment fund units	1,380	—	—	1,380	
	5,130	—	—	5,130	5,130
Loans					
Mortgages					
Insured mortgages					
Multi-residential	774	—	—	774	
Non-residential	2	—	—	2	
	776	—	—	776	
Conventional mortgages					
Multi-residential	185	—	—	185	
Non-residential	232	—	—	232	
	417	—	—	417	
	1,193	—	—	1,193	
Car loans	—	1,457	—	1,457	
Other loans	—	794	—	794	
	1,193	2,251	—	3,444	3,433
Derivative financial instruments	1,066	—	—	1,066	1,066
Other investments	39	3	123	165	165
Investment properties	—	—	1,519	1,519	1,552
Total investments	\$ 40,628	\$ 3,310	\$ 1,642	\$ 45,580	\$ 45,602

Other investments are made up of bonds, common stocks and investment fund units that represent restricted investments, notes receivable and investments in associates and joint ventures. Bonds, common stocks and investment fund units are classified at fair value through profit or loss. Notes receivable are classified at amortized cost. Investments in associates and joint ventures, accounted for using the equity method, are presented in the *Other* column.

The fair value of investment properties includes the carrying value of investment properties accounted for at fair value and the fair value of linearization of rents accounted for in *Other Assets*.

Financial Assets Used in Fair Value Hedging

Interest Rate Risk Hedging

The Company designated a portion of its bonds in a fair-value hedge relationship in order to reduce its exposure to changes in interest rates on financial liabilities classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost. The Company uses bonds that have maturities of less than 1 year to 9 years as at June 30, 2025 (less than 1 year to 9 years as at December 31, 2024). The notional amount of the bonds is \$699 as at June 30, 2025 (\$845 as at December 31, 2024), while the carrying value and the fair value of the bonds are \$711 (\$858 as at December 31, 2024). For the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recognized a gain of \$3 on the hedging instruments (gain of \$3 for the six months ended June 30, 2024) and a gain of \$1 on the hedged items (loss of \$1 for the six months ended June 30, 2024). For the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recognized an ineffectiveness of \$4 (\$2 for the six months ended June 30, 2024).

b) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company holds interests ranging from 25% to 29% as at June 30, 2025 (25% to 29% as at December 31, 2024). The carrying value of these investments as at June 30, 2025 is \$124 (\$123 as at December 31, 2024). The share of net income and comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2025 corresponds to a profit of \$2 (profit of \$2 for the six months ended June 30, 2024).

c) Net Investment Income

	Quarters ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(in millions of dollars)	2025	2024	2025	2024
Interest and other investment income				
Interest	\$ 447	\$ 433	\$ 902	\$ 855
Dividends	99	91	212	192
Derivative financial instruments	(10)	18	(27)	57
Net rental income	21	22	43	43
Provision for credit losses	(21)	(23)	(45)	(43)
Other income and expenses	(30)	6	(30)	20
	506	547	1,055	1,124
Change in fair value of investments				
Cash and short-term investments	3	5	6	9
Bonds	(782)	(256)	(499)	(997)
Stocks	126	13	67	115
Loans	(10)	8	4	4
Derivative financial instruments	72	(57)	(245)	(533)
Investment properties	(20)	(29)	(31)	(46)
Other	—	(6)	1	(1)
	(611)	(322)	(697)	(1,449)
Total net investment income	\$ (105)	\$ 225	\$ 358	\$ (325)

5 › Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Investment Properties

Methods and assumptions used to estimate fair values of financial instruments and investment properties are disclosed in Note 6 of the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Disclosures regarding financial instruments and investment properties must be presented as a hierarchy that categorizes the inputs to valuation models used to measure the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to readily available unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and lowest priority to unobserved inputs. The three levels of the hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 – Valuation based on quoted prices in active markets (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities. Stocks traded on the market, among other things, are classified in Level 1.

Level 2 – Valuation model based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable on the market for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Most bonds, short-term investments and certain derivative financial instruments are classified in Level 2.

Level 3 – Valuation model based on valuation techniques that use significant unobservable market parameters and that reflect management's best estimates. Most private placements are classified in Level 3.

If a financial instrument classified as Level 1 subsequently ceases to be actively traded, it is reclassified into Level 2. If the measurement of its fair value requires the use of significant unobservable inputs, it is directly reclassified into Level 3.

Assets

	As at June 30, 2025			
(in millions of dollars)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements				
Cash and short-term investments	\$ —	\$ 816	\$ —	\$ 816
Bonds				
Governments	—	8,074	87	8,161
Municipalities	—	1,007	—	1,007
Corporate and other	—	18,251	4,166	22,417
	—	27,332	4,253	31,585
Stocks	2,626	396	2,661	5,683
Mortgages	—	1,106	—	1,106
Derivative financial instruments	254	1,011	—	1,265
Other investments	3	41	—	44
Investment properties	—	—	1,533	1,533
General fund investments recognized at fair value	2,883	30,702	8,447	42,032
Other assets	—	71	—	71
Segregated funds financial instruments	45,555	9,566	1,341	56,462
Total financial assets at fair value	\$ 48,438	\$ 40,339	\$ 9,788	\$ 98,565
	As at December 31, 2024			
(in millions of dollars)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements				
Cash and short-term investments	\$ —	\$ 510	\$ —	\$ 510
Bonds				
Governments	—	9,008	88	9,096
Municipalities	—	1,077	—	1,077
Corporate and other	—	18,502	4,015	22,517
	—	28,587	4,103	32,690
Stocks	2,236	393	2,501	5,130
Mortgages	—	1,193	—	1,193
Derivative financial instruments	223	843	—	1,066
Other investments	—	39	—	39
Investment properties	—	—	1,519	1,519
General fund investments recognized at fair value	2,459	31,565	8,123	42,147
Other assets	—	87	—	87
Segregated funds financial instruments	41,878	9,309	1,178	52,365
Total financial assets at fair value	\$ 44,337	\$ 40,961	\$ 9,301	\$ 94,599

There were no transfers from Level 1 to Level 2 during the six months ended June 30, 2025 (none for the year ended December 31, 2024). There were no transfers from Level 2 to Level 1 during the six months ended June 30, 2025 (none for the year ended December 31, 2024).

There were no transfers from Level 2 to Level 3 during the six months ended June 30, 2025 (\$44 for the year ended December 31, 2024). The transfers for the year ended December 31, 2024 were related to bonds. The fair value of these bonds was previously measured at the quoted market price obtained through brokers. The fair value of these bonds is now valued using internal valuation models that require the use of assumptions, including one main assumption that is not observable in the market. Transfers from Level 3 to Level 2 during the six months ended June 30, 2025 amount to \$65 (\$35 for the year ended December 31, 2024). These transfers are related to bonds. The fair value of these bonds was previously determined using internal valuation models that required the use of assumptions, including one main assumption that was not observable in the market. The fair value of these bonds is now measured at the quoted market price obtained through brokers.

There were no transfers from Level 1 to Level 3 during the six months ended June 30, 2025 (none for the year ended December 31, 2024). There were no transfers from Level 3 to Level 1 during the six months ended June 30, 2025 (none for the year ended December 31, 2024).

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company made a Level 3 transfer from owner-occupied properties to investment properties in relation to a change in use of a property (none for the year ended December 31, 2024). The fair value of the property at the transfer date was assessed at \$27.

The Company presents the transfers between hierarchy levels at the quarter-end fair value for the quarter during which the transfer occurred.

The following table presents assets recognized at fair value evaluated according to Level 3 parameters:

Six months ended June 30, 2025							
(in millions of dollars)	Balance as at December 31, 2024	Gains (losses) included in net income	Purchases	Sales and settlements	Transfers into (out of) Level 3 and reclassifications	Balance as at June 30, 2025	Total unrealized gains (losses) included in net income on investments still held
Bonds	\$ 4,103	\$ (39)	\$ 402	\$ (148)	\$ (65)	\$ 4,253	\$ (37)
Stocks	2,501	(16)	231	(55)	—	2,661	(14)
Investment properties	1,519	(31)	18	—	27	1,533	(31)
General fund investments recognized at fair value	8,123	(86)	651	(203)	(38)	8,447	(82)
Segregated funds financial instruments	1,178	34	141	(12)	—	1,341	30
Total	\$ 9,301	\$ (52)	\$ 792	\$ (215)	\$ (38)	\$ 9,788	\$ (52)
Year ended December 31, 2024							
(in millions of dollars)	Balance as at December 31, 2023	Gains (losses) included in net income	Purchases	Sales and settlements	Transfers into (out of) Level 3 and reclassifications	Balance as at December 31, 2024	Total unrealized gains (losses) included in net income on investments still held
Bonds	\$ 3,257	\$ 57	\$ 1,201	\$ (421)	\$ 9	\$ 4,103	\$ 57
Stocks	2,097	122	516	(234)	—	2,501	191
Investment properties	1,611	(47)	34	(79)	—	1,519	(62)
General fund investments recognized at fair value	6,965	132	1,751	(734)	9	8,123	186
Segregated funds financial instruments	915	80	313	(130)	—	1,178	67
Total	\$ 7,880	\$ 212	\$ 2,064	\$ (864)	\$ 9	\$ 9,301	\$ 253

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, an amount of \$18 (\$34 for the year ended December 31, 2024) presented in *Purchases* for investment properties corresponds to capitalizations to *Investment properties*.

Gains (losses) included in net income and *Total unrealized gains (losses) included in net income on investments still held* are presented in *Net investment income* in the Income Statement, except for those related to segregated funds net assets, which are presented in *Investment income (expenses) from segregated funds net assets* in the Income Statement.

Valuation for Level 3 Assets

The main unobservable input used in valuation of bonds as at June 30, 2025 corresponds to credit and liquidity risk premiums ranging from 0.77% to 5.27% (0.63% to 5.29% as at December 31, 2024). The credit and liquidity risk premiums are the difference between the expected yield of an asset and the risk-free rate of return. The difference is called a spread and represents an extra compensation for the risk of default of the borrower and the lack of active markets to sell the financial assets. If all other factors remain constant, a decrease (increase) in credit and liquidity risk premiums will lead to an increase (decrease) in fair value of bonds.

The main unobservable input used in valuation of stocks as at June 30, 2025 corresponds to 100% of the net asset value of the shares owned by the Company, which is provided by the general partner of the limited partnership investments or the manager of the funds. The net asset value is the estimated fair value of the asset minus the fair value of the liability divided by the number of shares outstanding of a fund or a limited partnership.

The main unobservable inputs used in the valuation of the investment properties as at June 30, 2025 are the discount rate, which is between 5.75% and 9.00% (5.75% and 8.75% as at December 31, 2024) and the terminal capitalization rate, which is between 5.50% and 7.75% (5.50% and 7.75% as at December 31, 2024). The discount rate is based on market activity by type of building and by location and reflects the expected rate of return to be realized on investments over the next 10 years. The terminal capitalization rate is based on market activity by type of building and by location and reflects the expected rate of return to be realized on investments over the remaining life after the 10-year period. If all other factors remain constant, a decrease (increase) in the discount rate and terminal capitalization rate will lead to an increase (decrease) in fair value of investment properties.

Fair Value Disclosed in the Notes

The Company classifies and measures certain financial instruments at amortized cost. The fair value of these financial instruments is disclosed in the notes. The following table shows the hierarchy level of such fair values:

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Classified at amortized cost				
Car loans and other loans	\$ —	\$ 2,245	\$ —	\$ 2,245
Total of assets whose fair value is disclosed in the notes	\$ —	\$ 2,245	\$ —	\$ 2,245

(in millions of dollars)	As at December 31, 2024			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Classified at amortized cost				
Car loans and other loans	\$ —	\$ 2,240	\$ —	\$ 2,240
Total of assets whose fair value is disclosed in the notes	\$ —	\$ 2,240	\$ —	\$ 2,240

Financial Liabilities

The following table presents the fair value of financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and those whose fair value is disclosed in a note by hierarchy level:

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements				
Other liabilities				
Short-selling securities	\$ —	\$ 437	\$ —	\$ 437
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	—	1,138	—	1,138
Securitization liabilities	—	45	—	45
Derivative financial instruments	89	709	—	798
Investment contract liabilities and deposits	—	985	—	985
Total of liabilities classified at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 89	\$ 3,314	\$ —	\$ 3,403
Classified at amortized cost				
Other liabilities				
Mortgage debt	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 2
Debentures	—	1,522	—	1,522
Investment contract liabilities and deposits	—	5,446	—	5,446
Investment contract liabilities related to segregated funds	—	15,496	—	15,496
Total of liabilities classified at amortized cost	\$ —	\$ 22,466	\$ —	\$ 22,466

(in millions of dollars)	As at December 31, 2024			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements				
Other liabilities				
Short-selling securities	\$ —	\$ 397	\$ —	\$ 397
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	—	838	—	838
Securitization liabilities	—	89	—	89
Derivative financial instruments	64	996	—	1,060
Investment contract liabilities and deposits	—	735	—	735
Total of liabilities classified at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 64	\$ 3,055	\$ —	\$ 3,119
Classified at amortized cost				
Other liabilities				
Mortgage debt	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 2
Debentures	—	1,910	—	1,910
Investment contract liabilities and deposits	—	5,610	—	5,610
Investment contract liabilities related to segregated funds	—	14,426	—	14,426
Total of liabilities classified at amortized cost	\$ —	\$ 21,948	\$ —	\$ 21,948

6 › Management of Financial Risks Associated with Financial Instruments and Insurance Contracts

Effective risk management rests on identifying, assessing, measuring, understanding, managing, monitoring and communicating the risks to which the Company is exposed to in the course of its operations. Risk management is comprised of a series of objectives, policies and procedures that are approved by the Board of Directors and enforced by managers. The main risk management policies and procedures are subject to review annually, or more frequently when deemed relevant. More information regarding the principles, responsibilities, key measures and management practices of the Company's risk management of financial instruments is provided in the shaded portion of the "Risk Management" section of the 2024 Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 67 to 80. The shaded information in these pages is considered an integral part of these financial statements.

a) Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of financial loss due to unexpected changes in the level or volatility of market prices of assets and liabilities.

a) i) Market Risk Immediate Sensitivities

Interest Rate and Credit Spread Immediate Sensitivities

An analysis of the Company's sensitivity to an immediate change in risk-free interest rates as well as corporate bond and provincial government bond credit spreads is presented below. Each sensitivity assumes that all other assumptions remain unchanged. Considering that the Company manages these risks by looking jointly at financial instruments and insurance contracts, it analyzes and discloses its sensitivities on a net basis. The impact on equity includes the impact of net income and of remeasurement of post-employment benefits. The impact on contractual service margin is before tax.

The following tables present the immediate impact of an immediate parallel shift (rounded to the nearest 25 million dollars) of:

Interest rates

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025		As at December 31, 2024	
	50 basis point decrease	50 basis point increase	50 basis point decrease	50 basis point increase
Net income	\$ —	\$ (25)	\$ —	\$ (25)
Equity	(25)	—	(25)	25
Contractual service margin	(25)	25	(25)	25

Corporate bond credit spreads

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025		As at December 31, 2024	
	50 basis point decrease	50 basis point increase	50 basis point decrease	50 basis point increase
Net income	\$ 25	\$ (25)	\$ —	\$ —
Equity	(50)	50	(75)	50
Contractual service margin	—	—	—	—

Provincial government bond credit spreads

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025		As at December 31, 2024	
	50 basis point decrease	50 basis point increase	50 basis point decrease	50 basis point increase
Net income	\$ (25)	\$ 25	\$ (25)	\$ 25
Equity	—	—	—	—
Contractual service margin	(100)	75	(100)	75

Ultimate Discount Rate Immediate Sensitivities

An analysis of the Company's sensitivity to an immediate change in the ultimate discount rate assumption used to establish insurance contract liabilities (assets) is presented below. Each sensitivity assumes that all other assumptions remain unchanged. The impact on contractual service margin is before tax.

The following table presents the immediate impact of an immediate change in the ultimate discount rate assumption (rounded to the nearest 10 million dollars):

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025		As at December 31, 2024	
	10 basis point decrease	10 basis point increase	10 basis point decrease	10 basis point increase
Net income	\$ (50)	\$ 50	\$ (50)	\$ 50
Equity	(50)	50	(50)	50
Contractual service margin	—	—	—	—

Public Equity Immediate Sensitivities

An analysis of the Company's sensitivity to an immediate change in public equity market values is presented below and assumes that all other assumptions remain unchanged. Considering that the Company manages this risk by looking jointly at financial instruments and insurance contracts, it analyzes and discloses its sensitivity on a net basis. Preferred shares are excluded from the scope of these sensitivities' analysis. The impact on equity includes the impact of net income and of remeasurement of post-employment benefits. The impact on contractual service margin is before tax.

The following tables present the immediate impact of an immediate change in public equity market values (rounded to the nearest 25 million dollars):

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025			
	25% decrease	10% decrease	10% increase	25% increase
Net income	\$ (175)	\$ (100)	\$ 100	\$ 175
Equity	(250)	(125)	125	250
Contractual service margin	(725)	(300)	275	675

(in millions of dollars)	As at December 31, 2024			
	25% decrease	10% decrease	10% increase	25% increase
Net income	\$ (150)	\$ (100)	\$ 100	\$ 150
Equity	(250)	(125)	125	225
Contractual service margin	(675)	(275)	250	600

In order to measure its public equity sensitivity, the Company examined the impact of a 10% market variance at the end of the period, believing that this kind of variance was reasonable in the current market environment. A 25% market change is also disclosed to provide a wider range of potential impacts due to significant changes in public equity market levels.

Private Non-Fixed Income Asset Immediate Sensitivities

An analysis of the Company's sensitivity to an immediate change in private non-fixed income assets' market values is presented below and assumes that all other assumptions remain unchanged. These impacts are only on financial instruments as insurance contracts are insensitive to these market values. Private non-fixed income assets include private equity, investment property and infrastructure. The impact on equity includes the impact of net income and of remeasurement of post-employment benefits.

The following table presents the immediate impact of an immediate change in private non-fixed income asset market values on private equity, investment property and infrastructure (rounded to the nearest 25 million dollars):

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025		As at December 31, 2024	
	10% decrease	10% increase	10% decrease	10% increase
Net income	\$ (300)	\$ 300	\$ (275)	\$ 275
Equity	(325)	325	(300)	300

b) Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk of financial loss due to a borrower's or a counterparty's failure to repay its obligation when due.

b) i) Credit Quality Indicators**Bonds by Investment Grade**

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
AAA	\$ 1,465	\$ 1,942
AA	8,481	8,794
A	11,600	11,513
BBB	9,789	10,221
BB and lower	250	220
Total	\$ 31,585	\$ 32,690

The Company prepares an assessment of the quality of the investment if the evaluation is not available from a credit rating agency. Bonds that have been internally evaluated represent an amount of \$3,299 as at June 30, 2025 (\$3,357 as at December 31, 2024).

Loans

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Insured mortgages	\$ 685	\$ 776
Conventional mortgages	421	417
Car loans and other loans	2,256	2,251
Total	\$ 3,362	\$ 3,444

The credit quality of loans is assessed internally, on a regular basis, when the review of the portfolio is carried out.

b) ii) Allowance for Credit Losses**Allowance for Credit Losses by Stage**

The following table presents the gross carrying amount and the allowance for credit losses related to car loans by stage:

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025			Total
	Non-impaired		Impaired	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Car loans¹				
Low risk ²	\$ 1,258	\$ 213	\$ —	\$ 1,471
Medium risk ²	28	7	—	35
High risk ²	2	—	—	2
Impaired	—	—	18	18
Gross carrying amount	1,288	220	18	1,526
Allowance for credit losses	48	27	12	87
Carrying amount	\$ 1,240	\$ 193	\$ 6	\$ 1,439

(in millions of dollars)	As at December 31, 2024			Total
	Non-impaired Stage 1	Stage 2	Impaired Stage 3	
Car loans¹				
Low risk ²	\$ 1,264	\$ 214	\$ —	\$ 1,478
Medium risk ²	33	9	—	42
High risk ²	2	—	—	2
Impaired	—	—	21	21
Gross carrying amount	1,299	223	21	1,543
Allowance for credit losses	48	25	13	86
Carrying amount	\$ 1,251	\$ 198	\$ 8	\$ 1,457

¹ The credit risk rating is reflective of a nonprime lender's risk perception.

² Low risk is considered near prime, medium risk is nonprime and high risk is subprime.

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, the provision for credit losses related to car loans was \$45 (\$43 for the six months ended June 30, 2024).

Considering their nature, other loans have a negligible allowance for credit losses due to their low credit risk.

7 › Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company is an end user of derivative financial instruments in the normal course of managing exposure to fluctuations in interest rates, currency exchange rates and fair values of investments. Derivative financial instruments are financial contracts whose value is derived from underlying interest rates, exchange rates, other financial instruments or indexes.

The notional amount represents the amount to which a rate or price is applied to determine the cash flows to be exchanged periodically and does not represent direct credit exposure. Maximum credit risk is the estimated cost of replacing derivative financial instruments that have a positive value should the counterparty default. The maximum credit risk of derivative financial instruments as at June 30, 2025 is \$1,265 (\$1,066 as at December 31, 2024). The Company's exposure at the end of each reporting period is limited to the risk that a counterparty does not honour the terms of a derivative financial instrument.

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025				Fair value	
	Notional amount			Total	Positive	Negative
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years			
Equity contracts						
Swap contracts	\$ 760	\$ 8	\$ 55	\$ 823	\$ 56	\$ —
Futures contracts	1,442	—	—	1,442	—	—
Options	6,254	—	—	6,254	254	(89)
Currency contracts						
Swap contracts	66	190	7,208	7,464	481	(53)
Forward contracts	10,251	—	—	10,251	195	(60)
Options	702	135	—	837	10	(10)
Interest rate contracts						
Swap contracts	883	3,738	14,216	18,837	210	(566)
Futures contracts	157	—	—	157	—	—
Forward contracts	8,897	—	—	8,897	59	(20)
Other derivative contracts	1	1	—	2	—	—
Total	\$ 29,413	\$ 4,072	\$ 21,479	\$ 54,964	\$ 1,265	\$ (798)

As at December 31, 2024						
	Notional amount				Fair value	
(in millions of dollars)	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Positive	Negative
Equity contracts						
Swap contracts	\$ 833	\$ 4	\$ 57	\$ 894	\$ 21	\$ (16)
Futures contracts	574	—	—	574	—	—
Options	6,300	—	—	6,300	235	(68)
Currency contracts						
Swap contracts	30	240	7,007	7,277	445	(84)
Forward contracts	6,515	—	—	6,515	13	(113)
Options	674	198	—	872	18	(18)
Interest rate contracts						
Swap contracts	1,099	3,902	11,092	16,093	283	(644)
Futures contracts	64	—	—	64	—	—
Forward contracts	9,137	—	—	9,137	51	(117)
Other derivative contracts	1	1	—	2	—	—
Total	\$ 25,227	\$ 4,345	\$ 18,156	\$ 47,728	\$ 1,066	\$ (1,060)

As at June 30, 2025			
(in millions of dollars)	Notional amount	Fair value	
		Positive	Negative
Derivative financial instruments not designated as hedge accounting	\$ 52,071	\$ 1,186	\$ (796)
Net investment hedge	2,885	76	(2)
Cash flow hedges			
Market risk	8	3	—
Total of derivative financial instruments	\$ 54,964	\$ 1,265	\$ (798)

As at December 31, 2024			
(in millions of dollars)	Notional amount	Fair value	
		Positive	Negative
Derivative financial instruments not designated as hedge accounting	\$ 45,741	\$ 1,064	\$ (1,018)
Net investment hedge	1,983	—	(42)
Cash flow hedges			
Market risk	4	2	—
Total of derivative financial instruments	\$ 47,728	\$ 1,066	\$ (1,060)

Net Investment Hedge

As at June 30, 2025, forward contracts, designated as hedges of net investments in foreign operations with a functional currency other than the functional currency of the Company, have maturities of less than 1 year (less than 1 year as at December 31, 2024) and an average CAD/USD exchange rate of 0.7111 (0.7127 as at December 31, 2024). The effective portion of changes in fair value is recorded in *Other comprehensive income*, as is the foreign currency translation of the net investment in a foreign operation. For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company did not recognize any ineffectiveness.

Cash Flow Hedge

Currency Risk Hedging

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company ended a cash flow hedging relationship which aimed to manage its exposure to changes in currency rate risk on forecast transactions. The Company was using forward contracts that had maturities of less than 1 year. For the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company did not recognize any ineffectiveness.

Market Risk Hedging

As at June 30, 2025, the Company uses a cash flow hedging relationship in order to manage its exposure to volatility of market prices on forecast transactions. The Company uses swap contracts that have maturities of 3 years or less (2 years or less as at December 31, 2024). For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company did not recognize any ineffectiveness.

8 › Segregated Funds Net Assets

The table below comprises the underlying items for insurance contracts with direct participation features related to segregated funds as well as those for investment contracts related to segregated funds, which is the segregated funds net assets, and shows the composition. The fair value of the underlying items for insurance contracts with direct participation features, which are calculated under the variable fee approach, is equivalent to the *Insurance contract liabilities related to segregated funds* in Note 9 "Insurance Contracts and Reinsurance Contracts", and the fair value of the underlying items for investment contracts related to segregated funds, which are accounted for at amortized cost, is equivalent to the *Investment contract liabilities related to segregated funds* in the Statement of Financial Position.

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Assets		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,313	\$ 1,707
Bonds	7,800	7,489
Stocks and investment funds	47,407	43,623
Mortgages	57	55
Derivative financial instruments	19	4
Other assets	809	617
	57,405	53,495
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	858	920
Net assets	\$ 56,547	\$ 52,575

The following table presents the change in segregated funds net assets:

(in millions of dollars)	Quarters ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Balance at beginning	\$ 53,640	\$ 45,192	\$ 52,575	\$ 41,837
Add:				
Amounts received from policyholders	2,366	2,204	5,576	4,659
Interest, dividends and other investment income	259	246	574	478
Change in fair value of investments	2,103	624	1,672	3,033
	4,728	3,074	7,822	8,170
Less:				
Amounts withdrawn by policyholders	1,562	1,465	3,333	3,002
Operating expenses	259	219	517	423
	1,821	1,684	3,850	3,425
Balance at end	\$ 56,547	\$ 46,582	\$ 56,547	\$ 46,582

9 › Insurance Contracts and Reinsurance Contracts

A) Changes in Insurance Contract and Reinsurance Contract Balances

a) Roll-Forward of Net Insurance Contract Liabilities (Assets) by Measurement Component

The following tables disclose the reconciliation by measurement component for insurance contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach (PAA):

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025			
	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	Contractual service margin	Total
Balance at beginning				
Insurance contract liabilities	\$ 24,336	\$ 3,896	\$ 6,130	\$ 34,362
Insurance contract assets	(492)	32	355	(105)
Insurance contract liabilities related to segregated funds	38,149	—	—	38,149
Net insurance contract liabilities (assets) at beginning	61,993	3,928	6,485	72,406
Insurance service result				
Changes that relate to current services				
Contractual service margin recognized for services provided	—	—	(377)	(377)
Change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk for risk expired	—	(172)	—	(172)
Experience adjustments	(49)	—	—	(49)
Changes that relate to future services				
Contracts initially recognized in the period	(556)	229	352	25
Changes in estimates that adjust the contractual service margin	(258)	—	258	—
Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	13	(4)	—	9
Changes that relate to past services				
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	14	(18)	—	(4)
	(836)	35	233	(568)
Finance expenses (income) from insurance contracts	1,523	42	21	1,586
Amounts recognized in net income	687	77	254	1,018
Effect of change in exchange rates	(40)	(25)	(36)	(101)
Cash flows	1,816	—	—	1,816
Contracts acquired in the period	13	1	3	17
Net insurance contract liabilities (assets) at end	\$ 64,469	\$ 3,981	\$ 6,706	\$ 75,156
Balance at end				
Insurance contract liabilities	\$ 23,758	\$ 3,949	\$ 6,477	\$ 34,184
Insurance contract assets	(340)	32	229	(79)
Insurance contract liabilities related to segregated funds	41,051	—	—	41,051
Net insurance contract liabilities (assets) at end	\$ 64,469	\$ 3,981	\$ 6,706	\$ 75,156

(in millions of dollars)	As at December 31, 2024			
	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	Contractual service margin	Total
Balance at beginning				
Insurance contract liabilities	\$ 22,749	\$ 3,416	\$ 5,305	\$ 31,470
Insurance contract assets	(531)	29	335	(167)
Insurance contract liabilities related to segregated funds	30,201	—	—	30,201
Net insurance contract liabilities (assets) at beginning	52,419	3,445	5,640	61,504
Insurance service result				
Changes that relate to current services				
Contractual service margin recognized for services provided	—	—	(684)	(684)
Change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk for risk expired	—	(329)	—	(329)
Experience adjustments	(130)	—	—	(130)
Changes that relate to future services				
Contracts initially recognized in the year	(1,016)	415	655	54
Changes in estimates that adjust the contractual service margin	(629)	53	576	—
Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	(10)	64	—	54
Changes that relate to past services				
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	80	(23)	—	57
	(1,705)	180	547	(978)
Finance expenses (income) from insurance contracts	6,882	126	12	7,020
Amounts recognized in net income	5,177	306	559	6,042
Effect of change in exchange rates	69	32	50	151
Cash flows	4,276	—	—	4,276
Contracts acquired in the year	52	145	236	433
Net insurance contract liabilities (assets) at end	\$ 61,993	\$ 3,928	\$ 6,485	\$ 72,406
Balance at end				
Insurance contract liabilities	\$ 24,336	\$ 3,896	\$ 6,130	\$ 34,362
Insurance contract assets	(492)	32	355	(105)
Insurance contract liabilities related to segregated funds	38,149	—	—	38,149
Net insurance contract liabilities (assets) at end	\$ 61,993	\$ 3,928	\$ 6,485	\$ 72,406

As at June 30, 2025, the amount of net insurance contract liabilities (assets) measured under the PAA is \$2,488 (\$2,532 as at December 31, 2024).

b) Net Reinsurance Contract Assets (Liabilities) by Measurement Component

The following tables disclose the net reinsurance contract assets (liabilities) by measurement component for reinsurance contracts not measured under the PAA:

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2025			
	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	Contractual service margin	Total
Net reinsurance contract assets (liabilities)				
Reinsurance contracts not measured under the PAA				
Reinsurance contract assets	\$ 993	\$ 1,046	\$ (434)	\$ 1,605
Reinsurance contract liabilities	—	—	—	—
	\$ 993	\$ 1,046	\$ (434)	\$ 1,605

(in millions of dollars)	As at December 31, 2024			
	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	Contractual service margin	Total
Net reinsurance contract assets (liabilities)				
Reinsurance contracts not measured under the PAA				
Reinsurance contract assets	\$ 1,030	\$ 1,053	\$ (414)	\$ 1,669
Reinsurance contract liabilities	—	—	—	—
	\$ 1,030	\$ 1,053	\$ (414)	\$ 1,669

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, there were no reinsurance contracts acquired. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the amount arising from the initial recognition of reinsurance contracts acquired was \$159, which corresponded to estimates of present value of future cash flows of \$70, a risk adjustment for non-financial risk of \$53 and a contractual service margin of \$36.

As at June 30, 2025, the amount of net reinsurance contract assets measured under the PAA is \$1,664 (\$1,713 as at December 31, 2024).

B) Insurance Revenue

(in millions of dollars)	Quarters ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Contracts not measured under the PAA				
Changes in liabilities for remaining coverage				
Contractual service margin recognized for services provided	\$ 191	\$ 164	\$ 377	\$ 322
Change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk for risk expired	93	82	186	163
Expected incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	905	792	1,779	1,555
Recovery of insurance acquisition cash flows	161	113	308	215
	1,350	1,151	2,650	2,255
Contracts measured under the PAA	531	493	1,057	984
	\$ 1,881	\$ 1,644	\$ 3,707	\$ 3,239

C) Discount Rates

The following table presents discount rates applied to discounting of future cash flows based on the liquidity characteristics of the insurance contracts:

	As at June 30, 2025					
	1 year	5 years	10 years	20 years	30 years	70 years
Canadian products						
Least illiquid curve	2.60%	3.15%	4.04%	4.74%	4.63%	4.35%
Most illiquid curve	3.65%	4.41%	5.07%	5.56%	5.50%	5.15%
U.S. products						
Least illiquid curve	4.46%	4.61%	5.22%	5.92%	5.89%	4.90%
Most illiquid curve	4.71%	4.86%	5.47%	6.17%	6.14%	5.15%

	As at December 31, 2024					
	1 year	5 years	10 years	20 years	30 years	70 years
Canadian products						
Least illiquid curve	2.99%	3.30%	4.00%	4.46%	4.32%	4.35%
Most illiquid curve	3.92%	4.44%	4.99%	5.40%	5.29%	5.15%
U.S. products						
Least illiquid curve	4.82%	5.13%	5.48%	5.84%	5.77%	4.90%
Most illiquid curve	5.07%	5.38%	5.73%	6.09%	6.02%	5.15%

10 › Debentures

Redemption

On February 21, 2025, the Company redeemed all of its \$400 subordinated debentures maturing February 21, 2030, bearing interest of 2.40% payable semi-annually until February 21, 2025. The subordinated debentures were redeemed at nominal value plus accrued and unpaid interest, for a total disbursement of \$405.

11 › Common Shares

The common shares issued by the Company are as follows:

(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	As at June 30, 2025		As at December 31, 2024	
	Number (in thousands)	Amount	Number (in thousands)	Amount
Common shares				
Balance at beginning	93,403	\$ 1,524	99,643	\$ 1,603
Shares issued on exercise of stock options	146	10	410	28
Shares redeemed and cancelled	(754)	(12)	(6,597)	(106)
Common shares outstanding	92,795	1,522	93,456	1,525
Shares redeemed but not cancelled	—	—	(53)	(1)
Balance at end	92,795	\$ 1,522	93,403	\$ 1,524

Stock Option Plan

As at June 30, 2025, the number of outstanding stock options was 1,303,833 (1,287,833 as at December 31, 2024). For the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company granted 162,000 stock options exercisable at \$134.17 (233,000 stock options exercisable at \$92.15 for the year ended December 31, 2024).

Normal Course Issuer Bid

With the approval of the Toronto Stock Exchange and the Autorité des marchés financiers (AMF), the Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase, in the normal course of its activities, between November 14, 2024 and November 13, 2025, up to 4,694,894 common shares, representing approximately 5% of its 93,897,897 common shares issued and outstanding as at October 31, 2024 (8,074,936 common shares, representing approximately 8.01% of its common shares that constituted the Company's "public float" in the normal course issuer bid of 2023). For the six months ended June 30, 2025, a total of 753,600 common shares were repurchased and cancelled (6,596,948 as at December 31, 2024) and 52,700 common shares were cancelled (52,700 repurchased but not cancelled as at December 31, 2024) for a net cash amount of \$102 (\$609 as at December 31, 2024), of which \$12 was recorded against common shares (\$107 as at December 31, 2024) and \$90 against retained earnings (\$502 as at December 31, 2024). Taxes related to the redemption net of the issuance of common shares for a total of \$2 were recognized in *Retained earnings* (\$11 as at December 31, 2024).

Dividends

(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	Quarters ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
	2025		2024		2025		2024	
	Total	Per share (in dollars)	Total	Per share (in dollars)	Total	Per share (in dollars)	Total	Per share (in dollars)
Common shares	\$ 84	\$ 0.90	\$ 79	\$ 0.82	\$ 168	\$ 1.80	\$ 160	\$ 1.64

Dividends Declared and Not Recognized on Common Shares

A dividend of 0.990 dollars per share was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on August 5, 2025. This dividend was not recorded as a liability in these Financial Statements. This dividend will be paid on September 15, 2025 to the shareholders of record as of August 22, 2025, date on which it will be recognized in the retained earnings of the Company.

12 Preferred Shares and Other Equity Instruments

The description of the preferred shares issued during the six months ended June 30, 2025 is as follows:

An unlimited number of Class A – Series C preferred shares, without par value, without voting rights, with a fixed non-cumulative semi-annual dividend in cash with an initial annual rate of 6.435% which represents 64.35 dollars per share for a period of 5 years beginning on June 23, 2025 and ending on June 30, 2030, excluding this date. On June 30, 2030 and every 5 years thereafter, the rate will be reset at a rate equal to the 5-year Government of Canada Yield plus 3.40%. These preferred shares are redeemable in whole or in part at the option of the Company on June 30, 2030 and every 5 years thereafter during the period from May 30 to and including June 30, or in whole but not in part at any time on or following a Regulatory Event Date, for a cash value of 1,000 dollars, subject to approval by the AMF.

The preferred shares and other equity instruments issued are as follows:

(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	As at June 30, 2025		As at December 31, 2024	
	Number (in thousands)	Amount	Number (in thousands)	Amount
Preferred shares, Class A				
Balance at beginning	—	\$ —	—	\$ —
Shares issued – Series C	400	400	—	—
Balance at end	400	400	—	—
Preferred shares, Class A, issued by iA Insurance				
Balance at beginning	—	—	5,000	125
Shares redeemed – Series B	—	—	(5,000)	(125)
Balance at end	—	—	—	—
Other equity instruments – Subordinated debentures				
Balance at beginning	600	600	250	250
Subordinated debentures issued – Series 2024-1	—	—	350	350
Balance at end	600	600	600	600
Total preferred shares and other equity instruments	1,000	\$ 1,000	600	\$ 600

Preferred Shares

Issuance

On June 23, 2025, the Company issued 400,000 Class A – Series C preferred shares for a net cash amount of \$395. Transaction costs for a total of \$5 (\$4 after tax) were recognized in *Retained earnings*.

Other Equity Instruments

Issuance

On June 25, 2024, the Company issued Limited Recourse Capital Notes Series 2024-1 Subordinated Debentures, bearing interest at 6.921% and maturing on September 30, 2084, for a net cash amount of \$345. Transaction costs for a total of \$5 (\$4 after tax) were recognized in *Retained earnings*. At the same time, the Company issued 350,000 Class A – Series B non-cumulative 5-year rate reset preferred shares to be held by the Limited Recourse Trust.

Distributions

For the quarter ended June 30, 2025, distributions on other equity instruments for a total of \$8 (\$6 after tax) were recognized in *Retained earnings* (\$8 (\$6 after tax) for the quarter ended June 30, 2024). For the six months ended June 30, 2025, distributions on other equity instruments for a total of \$20 (\$15 after tax) were recognized in *Retained earnings* (\$8 (\$6 after tax) for the six months ended June 30, 2024).

13 › Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

(in millions of dollars)	Currency translation	Hedging	Investment properties	Total
Balance as at December 31, 2024	\$ 300	\$ (229)	\$ 3	\$ 74
Other	(162)	103	—	(59)
Income taxes on other	—	(16)	—	(16)
	(162)	87	—	(75)
Balance as at June 30, 2025	138	(142)	3	(1)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	57	(99)	25	(17)
Revaluation surplus related to transfers to investment properties	—	—	(26)	(26)
Income taxes on revaluation surplus related to transfers to investment properties	—	—	4	4
Other	243	(155)	—	88
Income taxes on other	—	25	—	25
	243	(130)	(22)	91
Balance as at December 31, 2024	300	(229)	3	74
Balance as at December 31, 2023	57	(99)	25	(17)
Other	95	(62)	—	33
Income taxes on other	—	10	—	10
	95	(52)	—	43
Balance as at June 30, 2024	\$ 152	\$ (151)	\$ 25	\$ 26

14 › Capital Management

Regulatory Requirements and Solvency Ratio

The Company is committed to respecting certain requirements of the guideline on capital adequacy requirements for life insurers (CARLI).

According to CARLI, many items are included in the solvency ratio:

The available capital represents the total Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital, less other deductions prescribed by the AMF.

Tier 1 capital contains more permanent equity items and is primarily composed of equity attributable to common shareholders, preferred shares, other qualifying equity instruments and the contractual service margin, excluding the contractual service margin for segregated funds. Goodwill and other intangible assets are deducted from this category.

Tier 2 capital is notably composed of subordinated debentures.

The surplus allowance is the value of the risk adjustment for non-financial risk included in insurance contract liabilities, excluding insurance contract liabilities related to segregated funds.

The eligible deposits are amounts related to unregistered reinsurance agreements, which are deposited in guarantee instruments.

The base solvency buffer is determined according to five risk categories, namely credit risk, market risk, insurance risk, segregated fund guarantee risk and operational risk. These risk components are calculated using various methods and consider the risks associated to asset and liability elements that are on and off the Statement of Financial Position. The base solvency buffer represents the sum of risk components minus some credits (for example, between-risk diversification and adjustable products) multiplied by a scalar of 1.00.

The CARLI total ratio is calculated by dividing the sum of the available capital, the surplus allowance and the eligible deposits by the base solvency buffer.

According to the AMF guideline, the Company must set a target level of available capital that exceeds the minimum requirements. The guideline also stipulates that most of the available capital must be Tier 1, which absorbs the losses related to current operations.

The Company manages its capital on a consolidated basis. As at June 30, 2025, the Company maintains a ratio that satisfies the regulatory requirements.

(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

As at June 30, 2025

Available capital	
Tier 1 capital	\$ 5,185
Tier 2 capital	3,824
Surplus allowance and eligible deposits	2,786
Total	\$ 11,795
Base solvency buffer	\$ 8,551
Total ratio	138%

As at December 31, 2024, the solvency ratio was 139% and the Company maintained a ratio that satisfied the regulatory requirements.

15 › Income Taxes

Income tax expense (recovery) for the period consists of:

(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	Quarters ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Current income tax expense (recovery)	\$ 146	\$ 144	\$ 262	\$ 235
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	(103)	(92)	(173)	(112)
	\$ 43	\$ 52	\$ 89	\$ 123

Effective Income Tax Rates

The effective income tax rates are lower than the Company's statutory income tax rate of 28%.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2025, the effective income tax rate was 12% (20% for the quarter ended June 30, 2024) and for the six months ended June 30, 2025, the effective income tax rate was 15% (22% for the six months ended June 30, 2024).

The effective income tax rates for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 and for the six months ended June 30, 2025 are lower than those for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and the six months ended June 30, 2024, mainly due to the recognition of unrecognized tax losses, along with increased savings from tax-exempt investment income, which are partially offset by an income tax expense regarding adjustments related to prior years.

16 › Segmented Information

The Company offers its products and services to retail customers, businesses and groups and primarily operates in Canada and in the United States. The Company's business units are grouped into reportable operating segments based on their similar economic characteristics. The Company's operating segments, which reflect its organizational structure for decision making, are described below according to their main products and services or to their specific characteristics:

Insurance, Canada – Life and health insurance products, auto and home insurance products, creditor insurance, replacement insurance and warranties, extended warranties and other ancillary products for dealer services, and specialized products for special markets.

Wealth Management – Products and services for savings plans, retirement funds and segregated funds, in addition to securities brokerage (including cross-border services), trust operations and mutual funds.

US Operations – Life insurance products and extended warranties relating to dealer services sold in the United States.

Investment – Investment and financing activities of the Company, except the investment activities of wealth distribution affiliates.

Corporate – All expenses that are not allocated to other operating segments, such as expenses for certain corporate functions.

Inter-segment transactions as well as some adjustments related to consolidation are shown in the *Consolidation adjustments* column. Inter-segment transactions consist primarily of activities carried out in the normal course of business for those operating segments and are subject to normal market conditions.

Considering the Company's total portfolio management strategy, most of the Company's investments are allocated to the Investment segment. When assessing segmented performance, management allocates *Finance income (expenses) from insurance contracts*, *Finance income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts* and nearly all *(Increase) decrease in investment contract liabilities and interest on deposits* to this operating segment.

Segmented Results

Quarter ended June 30, 2025							
(in millions of dollars)	Insurance, Canada	Wealth Management	US Operations	Investment	Corporate	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Insurance service result							
Insurance revenue	\$ 1,077	\$ 321	\$ 483	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,881
Insurance service expenses and net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(900)	(216)	(425)	—	—	—	(1,541)
	177	105	58	—	—	—	340
Net investment result							
Net investment income	—	28	—	(137)	4	—	(105)
Finance income (expenses) from insurance and reinsurance contracts and change in investment contract liabilities and interest on deposits	—	(1)	—	295	—	—	294
	—	27	—	158	4	—	189
Other revenues	63	378	51	9	1	(16)	486
Other expenses	(62)	(364)	(74)	(56)	(105)	16	(645)
Income before income taxes	178	146	35	111	(100)	—	370
Income tax (expense) recovery	(48)	(41)	20	(2)	28	—	(43)
Net income	130	105	55	109	(72)	—	327
Distribution on other equity instruments	—	—	—	(6)	—	—	(6)
Net income attributed to common shareholders	\$ 130	\$ 105	\$ 55	\$ 103	\$ (72)	\$ —	\$ 321
Quarter ended June 30, 2024							
(in millions of dollars)	Insurance, Canada	Wealth Management	US Operations	Investment	Corporate	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Insurance service result							
Insurance revenue	\$ 976	\$ 274	\$ 394	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,644
Insurance service expenses and net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(826)	(188)	(363)	—	—	—	(1,377)
	150	86	31	—	—	—	267
Net investment result							
Net investment income	—	31	—	193	1	—	225
Finance income (expenses) from insurance and reinsurance contracts and change in investment contract liabilities and interest on deposits	—	(1)	—	(82)	—	—	(83)
	—	30	—	111	1	—	142
Other revenues	50	345	42	9	3	(17)	432
Other expenses	(67)	(334)	(64)	(55)	(72)	17	(575)
Income before income taxes	133	127	9	65	(68)	—	266
Income tax (expense) recovery	(36)	(36)	(1)	6	15	—	(52)
Net income	97	91	8	71	(53)	—	214
Dividends on preferred shares issued by a subsidiary and distribution on other equity instruments	—	—	—	(8)	—	—	(8)
Net income attributed to common shareholders	\$ 97	\$ 91	\$ 8	\$ 63	\$ (53)	\$ —	\$ 206

Six months ended June 30, 2025							
(in millions of dollars)	Insurance, Canada	Wealth Management	US Operations	Investment	Corporate	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Insurance service result							
Insurance revenue	\$ 2,126	\$ 628	\$ 953	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,707
Insurance service expenses and net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(1,813)	(427)	(846)	—	—	—	(3,086)
	313	201	107	—	—	—	621
Net investment result							
Net investment income	—	54	—	299	5	—	358
Finance income (expenses) from insurance and reinsurance contracts and change in investment contract liabilities and interest on deposits	—	(1)	—	(62)	—	—	(63)
	—	53	—	237	5	—	295
Other revenues	115	768	104	18	3	(35)	973
Other expenses	(122)	(744)	(152)	(120)	(175)	35	(1,278)
Income before income taxes	306	278	59	135	(167)	—	611
Income tax (expense) recovery	(89)	(78)	15	18	45	—	(89)
Net income	217	200	74	153	(122)	—	522
Distribution on other equity instruments	—	—	—	(15)	—	—	(15)
Net income attributed to common shareholders	\$ 217	\$ 200	\$ 74	\$ 138	\$ (122)	\$ —	\$ 507
Six months ended June 30, 2024							
(in millions of dollars)	Insurance, Canada	Wealth Management	US Operations	Investment	Corporate	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Insurance service result							
Insurance revenue	\$ 1,944	\$ 536	\$ 759	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,239
Insurance service expenses and net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(1,660)	(368)	(695)	—	—	—	(2,723)
	284	168	64	—	—	—	516
Net investment result							
Net investment income	—	63	—	(387)	(1)	—	(325)
Finance income (expenses) from insurance and reinsurance contracts and change in investment contract liabilities and interest on deposits	—	(2)	—	665	—	—	663
	—	61	—	278	(1)	—	338
Other revenues	94	673	81	17	4	(33)	836
Other expenses	(131)	(654)	(121)	(108)	(138)	33	(1,119)
Income before income taxes	247	248	24	187	(135)	—	571
Income tax (expense) recovery	(67)	(69)	(4)	(15)	32	—	(123)
Net income	180	179	20	172	(103)	—	448
Dividends on preferred shares issued by a subsidiary and distribution on other equity instruments	—	—	—	(9)	—	—	(9)
Net income attributed to common shareholders	\$ 180	\$ 179	\$ 20	\$ 163	\$ (103)	\$ —	\$ 439

17 ▶ Earnings Per Common Share

Basic Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net income attributed to common shareholders by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares during the period.

	Quarters ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net income attributed to common shareholders	\$ 321	\$ 206	\$ 507	\$ 439
Weighted average number of outstanding shares (in millions of units)	93	97	93	98
Basic earnings per share (in dollars)	\$ 3.45	\$ 2.13	\$ 5.44	\$ 4.48

Diluted Earnings Per Share

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of outstanding common shares to take into account the conversion of all potentially dilutive common shares.

The dilutive effect of stock options considers the number of shares presumed issued without consideration, calculated as the difference between the number of shares deemed to have been issued (by assuming the outstanding stock option grants are exercised) and the number of shares that would have been issued at the average market price for the period (the number of shares that would have been issued using the issuance proceeds, using the average market price of the Company's common shares for the period). For the quarter ended June 30, 2025 and for the six months ended June 30, 2025, an average of 23,825 and 27,599 antidilutive stock options respectively (52,581 options for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and 51,946 options for the six months ended June 30, 2024) were excluded from the calculation.

	Quarters ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net income attributed to common shareholders	\$ 321	\$ 206	\$ 507	\$ 439
Weighted average number of outstanding shares (in millions of units)	93	97	93	98
Add: dilutive effect of stock options granted and outstanding (in millions of units)	1	—	1	—
Weighted average number of outstanding shares on a diluted basis (in millions of units)	94	97	94	98
Diluted earnings per share (in dollars)	\$ 3.43	\$ 2.12	\$ 5.41	\$ 4.47

There was no transaction on common shares that could affect these calculations after the closing date and before the date of authorization for issue of these Financial Statements.

18 ▶ Commitments

Investment Commitments

In the normal course of the Company's business, various outstanding contractual commitments related to offers for commercial loans, private placements, joint ventures and real estate are not reflected in the financial statements and may not be fulfilled. There were \$1,465 (\$1,169 as at December 31, 2024) of outstanding commitments as at June 30, 2025, of which the estimated disbursements will be \$96 (\$75 as at December 31, 2024) in 30 days, \$366 (\$328 as at December 31, 2024) in 31 to 365 days and \$1,003 (\$766 as at December 31, 2024) in more than one year.

19 ▶ Event After the Reporting Period

Commitment related to Acquisition of Business

On July 28, 2025, the Company announced that it entered into a definitive agreement to acquire RF Capital Group Inc. ("RF Capital") for cash consideration of \$597. The consideration comprises \$370 for all of the issued and outstanding common shares of RF Capital and the termination of share-based compensation plans, and \$227 for preferred shares and settlement of revolving debt. RF Capital is a leading independent wealth management company based in Canada, operating under the Richardson Wealth brand. It is renowned for providing comprehensive, client-focused financial advisory services tailored to the high-net-worth market. The closing of the transaction, expected to occur in the fourth quarter of 2025, is subject to the receipt of the required approval from RF Capital's common shareholders as well as court and regulatory approvals, and may therefore not be completed.

20 ▶ Comparative Figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to comply with the current period's presentation. The reclassifications had no impact on the net income of the Company.